

MAHARASHTRA NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY, NAGPUR
STANDARD RESEARCH FOOTNOTING
(2018-2019)

Headings standard:

- **LEVEL-1 TITLE OF THE PAPER:** UPPER CASE, **Bold**, Times New Roman, 12 Font size and Center aligned;
- **LEVEL-2 Heading:** Title Case (Sentence Case), **Bold**, Times New Roman, 12 Font size and left aligned; and
- **LEVEL-3 Sub-Heading:** *Title Case, Bold*, Times New Roman, 12 Font size, *Left aligned and Italic*.

Note: Heading and Sub-heading not to be underlined, no punctuation and footnote to be inserted.

Referencing:

(a) Case Law

- (i) *Amardeep Singh v. Harveen Kaur*, AIR 2017 SC 4417:2017 (8) SCC 746.

(b) Citation of a Book authored:

- (i) By a single writer:

Ashutosh Mookerjee, MARRIAGE, SEPARATION AND DIVORCE, 3rd ed. 2002, pp. 376-765.

- (ii) By two writers:

Paras Diwan and Peeyushi Diwan, FAMILY LAW, 4th ed. 1998, p. 87.

- (iii) By Multiple writers (three or more than three):

Christina L. Kunz, et al., LEGAL RESEARCH, 4th ed. 1996, p. 154.

(c) Citation of a book edited:

- (i) By a single editor:

R.K.Raizada (ed.), WOMEN AND THE LAW, 1st ed. 1996, p. 45.

- (ii) By two editors:

Archana Parashar and Amita Dhanda (eds.), REDEFINING FAMILY LAW IN INDIA, 1st ed. 2008, p. 293.

- (iii) By Multiple editors (three or more than three):

Ranbir Singh, et al. (eds.), CYBER SPACE AND THE LAW-ISSUES AND CHALLENGES, 1st ed. 2004, p. 356.

(d) Citation of a book revised:

(i) By single revised author:

Satyajeet Desai (rev.), D.F. Mulla, PRINCIPLES OF HINDU LAW, Vol. I, 18th ed. 2001, pp. 123-126.

(ii) By two revised authors:

Rangnath Mishra and Vijender Kumar (rev.), John D. Mayne TREATISE ON HINDU LAW & USAGE, 16th ed. 2009, p. 915.

(iii) By Multiple revised authors (three or more than three):

T.V. Subba Rao, et al. (rev.), G.C.V. Subba Rao, FAMILY LAW IN INDIA, 10th ed. 2011, pp. 123-124.

(e) Article [Published in the Journal]

(i) Citation of an article published in a Journal:

Vijender Kumar, "*Basis and Nature of Pious Obligation of Son to Pay Father's Debt vis-à-vis Statutory Modifications in Hindu Law*", 36 JILI (1994), p. 339.

(ii) Citation of an article that is published in two Volumes/Parts of a Journal:

Daljit Singh, "*Desirability of Instant Divorce by the Judiciary: A Critique*", 45 (pts. 3-4) JILI (2003), p. 439, 46 (pts. 1-2) (2004), JILI, p. 127.

(iii) Citation of an article Published in a book edited:

Elizabeth S. Scott, "Marital Commitment and the Legal Regulation of Divorce", Antony W Dnes (ed.), THE LAW AND ECONOMICS OF MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE, 1st ed. 2002, p. 35.

(iv) Citation of a paper/ article Published in a Law/Case Reporter:

B. B. Pande, "*Right to Life or Death?: For Bharat both cannot be 'Right'*", (1994) 4 SCC, JOURNAL p. 19.

(v) Citation of a research paper Published as a part of a Survey of Law, (e.g., Annual Survey of Indian Law):

Poonam Pradhan Saxena, "*Family Law and Succession*", 37 ASIL (2001), p. 311.

(vi) Citation of a paper/write-up Published in a Newspaper:

Chirdeep Bagga, "*Law may put daughters, sons on a par*", THE TIMES OF INDIA, Hyderabad, Friday, December 17, 2004, p. 10.

(vii) Citation of website [Book/Article ect.]:

Lon Fuller, MORALITY OF LAW, available at <http://www.cac.psu.edu/jbe/twocot.html> (visited on May 18, 2018).
